

Catalyzing Change in School Mathematics Key Recommendations



| | Early Childhood and Elementary | Middle School | High School |
|---|--|---|--|
| Broaden the Purposes of Learning Mathematics | Each and every child should develop deep mathematical understanding as confident and capable learners; understand and critique the world through mathematics; and experience the wonder, joy, and beauty of mathematics. | Each and every student should develop deep mathematical understanding, understand and critique the world through mathematics, and experience the wonder, joy, and beauty of mathematics, which all contribute to a positive mathematical identity. | Each and every student should learn the Essential Concepts in order to expand professional opportunities, understand and critique the world, and experience the wonder, joy, and beauty of mathematics. |
| Create Equitable Structures in Mathematics | Early childhood and elementary mathematics should dismantle inequitable structures, including ability grouping and tracking, and challenge spaces of marginality and privilege. | Middle school mathematics should dismantle inequitable structures, including tracking teachers as well as the practice of ability grouping and tracking students into qualitatively different courses. | High school mathematics should discontinue the practice of tracking teachers as well as the practice of tracking students into qualitatively different or dead-end course pathways. |
| Implement Equitable Mathematics Instruction | Mathematics instruction should be consistent with research-informed and equitable teaching practices that nurture children's positive mathematical identities and strong sense of agency. | Mathematics instruction should be consistent with research-informed and equitable teaching practices that foster students' positive mathematical identities and strong sense of agency. | Classroom instruction should be consistent with research-informed and equitable teaching practices. |
| Develop Deep Mathematical Understanding | Early childhood settings and elementary schools should build a strong foundation of deep mathematical understanding, emphasize reasoning and sensemaking, and ensure the highest-quality mathematics education for each and every child. | Middle schools should offer a common shared pathway grounded in the use of mathematical practices and processes to coherently develop deep mathematical understanding, ensuring the highest-quality mathematics education for each and every student. | High schools should offer continuous four-year mathematics pathways with all students studying mathematics each year, including two to three years of mathematics in a common shared pathway focusing on the Essential Concepts, to ensure the highest-quality mathematics education for all students. |







National Council of Teachers of Mathematics. (2020). Catalyzing Change in Early Childhood and Elementary Mathematics: Initiating Critical Conversations. Reston, VA: NCTM.

National Council of Teachers of Mathematics. (2020). *Catalyzing Change in Middle School Mathematics: Initiating Critical Conversations*. Reston, VA: NCTM.

National Council of Teachers of Mathematics. (2018). *Catalyzing Change in High School Mathematics: Initiating Critical Conversations*. Reston, VA: NCTM.